

Statute Of Limitations Run Out The Clock?

December 21, 2022

Highlights



- IRS debt is it forever?
- Statute Of Limitations SOL period of time to take legal action
- Ten years to collect
- Issues include when does period begin, are there events that extend the SOL, what if the SOL is expiring - what can the IRS do

Timing Issues



- SOL begins on assessment date not filing date or date return is received by the IRS
- Tolling happens when IRS cannot pursue collection
- Tolling events include: filing for bankruptcy, filing for a Collection Due Process hearing (CDP), filing an Offer In Compromise (OIC), pending Installment Agreement (IA)

SOL Considerations



- All collection issues begin is the debt enforceable - if SOL is expired then no (CSED)
- SOL impacts OIC eligibility
- SOL impacts IA eligibility
- For taxpayers with real property IRS can refer to DOJ to sue - bring lien to a judgement - seize and sell property

Determining The CSED



- Account transcripts IRS taxpayer record
- Transcript assessment date info re: tolling events
- Always accurate? usually yes but can be issues
 - usually with pending IA not lifted

Conclusion / Up Next



- SOL / CSED key consideration in all collections matters
- Evaluation needed in all situations
- Up next Lien Priorities